

R&PUBLIC OF SOMALILAND

FORM FOUR EXAMS, 2017

CHEMISTRY



NATIONAL EXAMINATION BOARD



Total Score

Name.....

School.....

Roll No.....

Republic of Somaliland

Somaliland National Examination Board

Form Four

**CHEMISTRY
EXAMINATION**

July 2017

TIME 2 HOURS

Plus 10 minutes for reading through the paper

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of 13 printed pages

Count them now. Inform the invigilator if there are any missing

There are two parts:

PART 1: 20 Multiple Choice Questions 20 Marks

PART 2: 7 Structured Questions 80 Marks

TOTAL 100 Marks

- Answer all questions in part 1 and 2.
- No extra paper is allowed

The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This involves conducting market research to understand the preferences and behaviors of potential customers. Once a need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept that addresses this need. This concept should be innovative, feasible, and profitable. The third step is to create a prototype, which is a preliminary model of the product. This allows the team to test the concept and make necessary adjustments. The fourth step is to conduct a feasibility study, which evaluates the technical, financial, and operational aspects of the product. The final step is to develop a business plan, which outlines the strategy for launching and marketing the product. This plan should include details on production, distribution, pricing, and promotion.

PART 1: Multiple choices: Circle the correct answer.

(20 Marks)

1. Isotopes of the same element differ in their :
 - A. Number of protons
 - B. Number of Neutrons
 - C. Physical properties
 - D. Chemical properties
2. The electronic configuration of the element in period 3 and group 4 of the periodic table is:
 - A. 2, 8, 6
 - B. 2, 8, 8, 3
 - C. 2, 8, 18, 3
 - D. 2, 8, 4
3. Electrons in one orbital must all have:
 - A. Paired spins
 - B. Unpaired spins
 - C. Parallel spins
 - D. Clockwise spins
4. The maximum number of electrons in the s and d sub- shells are respectively:
 - A. 2, 6
 - B. 6, 10
 - C. 2, 10
 - D. 2, 2
5. Which of the following is a polar covalent molecule :
 - A. Hydrogen
 - B. Oxygen
 - C. Water
 - D. Sodium chloride

6. Which of the following compounds contains a double bond :
- A. Hydrogen
 - B. Hydrogen chloride
 - C. Oxygen
 - D. Ozone
7. The bond between atoms that both shared electrons is donated by one atom is called:
- A. Sigma bond
 - B. Covalent bond
 - C. Dative covalent bond
 - D. Ionic bond
8. Which of the following is not true about Oxide ion $^{16}_{8}\text{O}^{2-}$:
- A. 8 protons
 - B. 10 electrons
 - C. 8 electrons
 - D. 8 Neutrons
9. The two types of bonds found in ammonia ion are :
- A. Covalent and ionic bond
 - B. Metallic and ionic bond
 - C. Coordinate covalent and Covalent bond
 - D. Polar Covalent and ionic bond
10. How many moles of carbon atoms are contained in 36 g? (RAM, C=12)
- A. 4
 - B. 2.5
 - C. 3
 - D. 2
11. What is the percentage by mass of Oxygen in one molecule of water : (H =1, O=16)
- A. 11.11%
 - B. 88.8%
 - C. 20%
 - D. 30%

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12. How many moles are there in 0.5 gram of CaCO_3
(RAMS = Ca = 40, C = 12, O = 16)
- A. 50 moles
 - B. 100 moles
 - C. 25 mole
 - D. 75 mole
13. The formula Mass of ammonium Nitrate (NH_4NO_3) is :
(RAM, N = 14, H = 1, O = 16)
- A. 80
 - B. 70
 - C. 60
 - D. 50
14. ΔH is negative for what type of reactions?
- A. Exothermic
 - B. Endothermic
 - C. Oxidation
 - D. Displacement
15. Which of the following reactions are exothermic :
- A. Photosynthesis
 - B. Combustion
 - C. Ethanoic acid + sodium carbonate
 - D. = Ammonium nitrate + water
16. Which of the following is produced when ethanol $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ is dehydrated:
- A. CH_4
 - B. C_2H_5
 - C. C_2H_4
 - D. CO_2

17. The IUPAC name for the compound $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ is :

- A. Hexan - 1 - 01
- B. Hexen -1 - 01
- C. Hexan -2 -01
- D. Hexen -2- 01

18. The monomer which form the polythene Polymers is :

- A. $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$
- B. $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2$
- C. $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHCl}$
- D. CH_3CH_3

19. Starch can be converted to ethanol by the process of :

- A. Addition
- B. Fermentation
- C. Neutralization
- D. Condensation

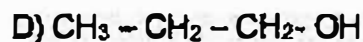
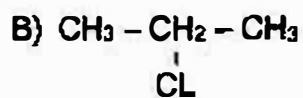
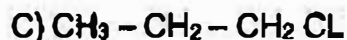
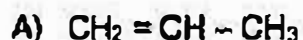
20. In Endothermic reaction :

- A. A gas is given off
- B. Heat is produced
- C. Heat is evolved
- D. The colour is changed

PART 2: STRUCTURED QUESTION

(80 MARKS)

1. Use the following compound to answer these question:



i) Identify the functional group of compound a, b, c, and d? (2 Marks)

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ii) Which of the folloing compupund is / are unsaturated ? (2 Marks)

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iii) Which of these compounds are Isomers ? (2 Marks)

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iv) Which of these compounds can undergo addition reactions ? (2 Marks)

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v) Give the name of the compound a, b, c, and d ? (2 Marks)

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2. The Equation For The reaction of Cu with methane (CH₄) is shown below :



a) Calculate the formula mass of methane (CH₄) (2 Marks)

(RAM, C = 12, H = 1)

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b) Calculate the formula mass of CuO (RAM = Cu = 64, O = 16) ? (2 Marks)

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c) Calculate the percentage of copper in copper oxide CuO? (2 Marks)

(RAM, Cu = 64, O = 16)

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d) In the above equation, 4 moles of CuO is used in this reaction . calculate how many grams of CO₂ is produced ? (3 Marks)

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e) In the above equation , 4 moles of CuO is used , calculate how many grams of water is produced ? (3 Marks)

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3. Classify each of the following process as Endothermic and Exothermic . In each case , indicate which has greater heat content (enthalpy) reactants or products.

a) Combustion of Natural Gas ? (2 Marks)

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b) Condensation of water vapor ? (2 Marks)

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c) Splitting Carbon dioxide into Carbon and Oxygen. (2 Marks)

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d) Formation of sodium Chloride from its elements ? (2 Marks)

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e) Evaporation of alcohol ? (2 Marks)

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f) Draw an energy level diagram for exothermic reactions? (2 Marks)



4. Potassium is below Sodium in group 1 elements in the periodic table

(Na = 2, 8, 1 K = 2, 8, 8, 1) using this information answer the following:

- a) How many electrons contain outer most shell of potassium ? (1 Mark)
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- b) Is the size of potassium atom greater or smaller than Sodium atom? Explain your answer? (3 Marks)
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- c) Is the boiling and melting point of potassium higher or lower than sodium atom? Explain your answer. (3 Marks)
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-
- d) Is potassium more reactive or less reactive than Sodium? Explain your answer (3Mark)
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-
- e) Potassium reacts very fast with cold water, name the product of this reaction (1 Mark)
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- f) Write balanced chemical equation for the reaction above (2 Marks)
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5. A Compound Consist of 40% Carbon, 6.7 Hydrogen, 53.3% Oxygen and with a molar mass of 180 g/mol?

A) Define Empirical formula? (2 Marks)

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b) Define Molecular formula? (2 Marks)

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C) Calculate the empirical formula of the compound? (4 Marks)

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d) Calculate the molecular formula of the compound ? (3 Marks)

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E) Give The Name of the compound formed? (2 Marks)

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6. Nitrogen reacts with Hydrogen to form Ammonia Molecule NH_3 ?

I) What is molecule? (2 Marks)

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II) How Many pairs of electrons are shared in one molecule of Ammonia? (2 Marks)

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III) What Term is used to describe the unshared pair of electrons in ammonia molecule? (1Mark)

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IV) Name the type of bonds that holds the atoms together in ammonia molecule? (1Mark)

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V) Draw a cross (x) dot (.) diagram to show how electrons are shared in ammonia molecule? (2 Marks)

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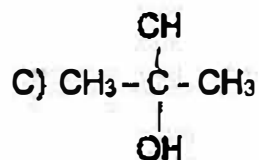
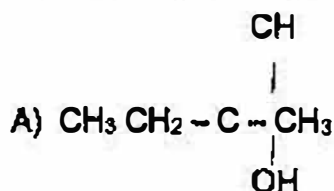
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VI) What term is used to describe when electrons are not equally shared in a covalent molecule? (1 Mark)

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7. Consider The Following organs compounds



i) Name each of the compounds above (3 Marks)

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ii) Which is primary alcohol? (1 Mark)

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i) Which is secondary alcohol? (1 Mark)

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ii) Which is tertiary alcohol? (1 Mark)

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iii) Which could be oxidized to aldehyde ? (2 Marks)

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iv) Which has the lowest boiling point ? (2 Marks)

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END