

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION

FORM FOUR EXAMS, 2016

ENGLISH



P/LAND NATIONAL EXAMINATION BOARD

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION
PUNTLAND NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Code Number

FORM FOUR EXAMINATION 2016
Time 2 hours AND 10 minutes for reading

ENGLISH

Instructions to candidates

- Answer all the questions
- This paper consists of 12 pages, count it and if any is missing inform your invigilator
- Do not write your **name and roll number** on the exam paper
- Make sure that **student's profile** is attached to the exam paper, if not, inform you invigilator.
- No extra paper is allowed. Rough work can be done on page 1. This will not be marked.
- If you make a mistake, **cross out the incorrect** answer and **write your correct answer**.

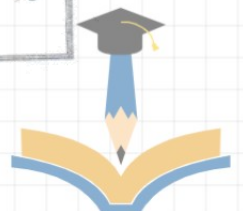
This exam paper consists of following parts

PART ONE:	Comprehension	30 marks
PART TWO:	Grammar	50 marks
PART THREE:	Written Composition	20 marks

TOTAL 100 marks

For the marker only

Parts	Marks
Part one	
Part two	
Part three	
Total	%



SOM EXAMS

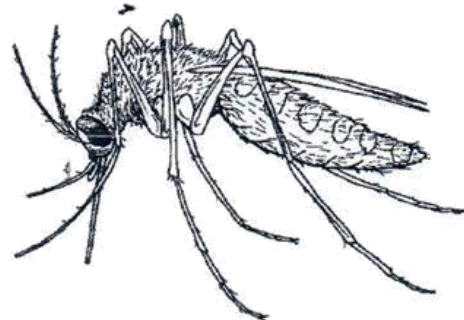
Use this page for rough work, it will not be marked.

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal blue or grey ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

PART ONE: COMPREHENSION**30 MARKS**

Following message is all about malaria, read it and answer the following questions

Malaria is a life-threatening disease. It's typically transmitted through the bite of an infected *Anopheles* mosquito. Infected mosquitoes carry the *Plasmodium* parasite. When this mosquito bites you, the parasite is released into your bloodstream. Once the parasites are inside your body, they travel to the liver, where they mature. After several days, the



mature parasites enter the bloodstream and begin to infect red blood cells. Within 48 to 72 hours, the parasites inside the red blood cells multiply, causing the infected cells to burst open. Malaria is typically found in tropical and subtropical climates where the parasites can live. T

- a) Malaria is caused by when a mosquito infected with the Plasmodium parasite bites you. An infected mother can also pass the disease to her baby at birth and it is known as congenital malaria. Malaria is transmitted by blood, it can also be transmitted through; an organ transplant, a transfusion, or use of shared needles or syringes.
- b) Following the infection, the symptoms of malaria typically develop within 10 days to four weeks. In some people, symptoms may not develop for several months. Some malarial parasites can enter the body but will be dormant for long periods of time. However, malaria has the following common symptoms: shaking chills that can range from moderate to severe, high fever, profuse sweating, headache, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, anemia, and/or muscle pain, convulsions, coma, and or bloody stools

- c) Malaria can cause a number of life-threatening complications. Including; swelling of the blood vessels of the brain (cerebral malaria), an accumulation of fluid in the lungs that causes breathing problems (pulmonary edema), organ failure of the kidneys, liver, or spleen, anemia due to the destruction of red blood cells, low blood sugar, etc.
- d) There's no vaccine available to prevent malaria. The advice of the doctor can do many things for you if you're traveling to an area where malaria is common or if you live in such an area. You may be prescribed medications to prevent the disease. In addition, your doctor can advise you about a long-term prevention if you live in an area where malaria is common. Also, sleeping under a mosquito net may help prevent being bitten by an infected mosquito. Covering your skin or using bug sprays containing DEET may also help prevent infection.
- e) Malaria is a life-threatening condition. Treatment for the disease is typically provided in a hospital. Doctors prescribe medications based on the type of parasite that you have. In some instances, the medication prescribed will not clear you of the infection. Parasites that are resistant to drugs have been reported. These parasites make many drugs ineffective. If this occurs, your doctor may need to use more than one medication or change medications altogether to treat your condition. The World Health Organization (WHO) estimates that about 3.2 billion people are at risk of malaria.

(A) ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

10 MARKS

1. What causes malaria?

2. How the parasite that causes malaria travels in to body?

3. Where climate malaria is found?

4. How can we prevent against malaria?

5. Explain how Malaria is life-threatening decease

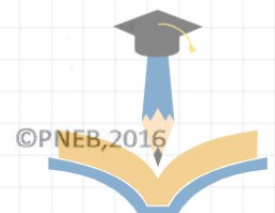
(B) Circle the right number according to the information given in the passage 10 mrks

1. Malaria is a

- a. life-threatening disease
- b. Contagious disease

- c. Vital disease
- d. Moderate disease

2. Parasites enter the bloodstream and begin to infect
 - a) Red blood cells
 - b) White blood cells
 - c) Heart of the person
 - d) Kidneys
3. When an infected mother passes Malaria to her baby at birth it is known as
 - a. Pulmonary Edema
 - b. Congenital malaria
 - c. Tropical malaria
 - d. Cerebral malaria
4. Which of the following means Malaria is transmitted?
 - a) An organ transplant
 - b) Breastfeeding
 - c) Breathing
 - d) Eating together
5. Some malarial parasites can enter the body but will be
 - a. Weak for long periods of time
 - b. Active for long periods of time
 - c. Died for long periods of time
 - d. dormant for long periods of time
6. Cerebral malaria means
 - a. Swelling of the blood vessels of the brain
 - b. Accumulation of fluid in the lungs
 - c. Anemia due to the destruction of red blood cells
 - d. Failure in the kidneys
7. Which of the following is part of the common Malaria symptoms?
 - a. Lung infection
 - b. Habitat
 - c. Diabetes
 - d. Chills that can range from moderate to severe
8. There are some Parasites resist the treatment by
 - a. Being dormant for long time
 - b. Making drugs ineffective
 - c. Entering red blood cells
 - d. Infecting the brain
9. The parasite that causes Malaria is called
 - a. Plasmodium parasite
 - b. Amoebiasis parasite
 - c. Giardia Lamblia parasite
 - d. Babesiosis parasite
10. Malaria is typically transmitted through the bite of
 - a. An infected male mosquito
 - b. An infected Anopheles mosquito
 - c. An infected fly
 - d. An infected parasite



(C) General Vocabulary**10 marks**

Read the flowing carefully and choose the word with the same meaning of the underlined words

1. There is a major problem with parking in Bosaso city.
 - a. Big
 - b. Small
 - c. Difficult
 - d. Easy
2. Roads are neglected and cars are jammed.
 - a. cleaned
 - b. rehabilitated
 - c. constructed
 - d. Ignored
3. Road signs are not in existence and streets are used for two ways even though they can't suffice for one way.
 - a. Be enough
 - b. Be insufficient
 - c. Be suitable
4. Traffic jam of long line of cars and vehicles is roaring everywhere turning ears to deaf.
 - a. Crying
 - b. Driving
 - c. Running
 - d. stopping
5. People detest taking cars in the town and go on foot everywhere.
 - a. like
 - b. dislike
 - c. wish
 - d. hire
6. Hawkers and buyers are congested in every angle.
 - a. Prevented
 - b. Hindered
 - c. Crowded
 - d. allowed
7. In addition, no room for even pedestrians let alone for the cars.
 - a. People working
 - b. People sleeping
 - c. People running
 - d. People walking
8. However, Bosaso municipality is straggling to change this terrible situation.
 - a. Awful
 - b. Pleasant
 - c. Moderate
 - d. Miracle

9. The plan is to make the bustling city more attractive and fascinating with well planned and designed streets and gardens.
- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| a. Metropolitan | c. Busy |
| b. Large | d. Commercial |
10. There is a hope in the recently road constructions in the city to relieve from this painful situation.
- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| a. Alleviate | c. Deteriorate |
| b. Worsen | d. Reduce |

PART TWO: GRAMMAR IN USE**50 MARKS****A. Choose the correct form of the verbs in bracket****10 marks**

- 1) Sayyid Maxamed Cabdulle Xasan, ----- (be) born in April 7, 1864 and ----- (die) Dec. 21, 1920.
- 2) For 20 years he ----- (lead) armed resistance to the British, Italian, and Ethiopian colonial forces in Somalia.
- 3) Because of his active resistance to the British and his vision of a Somalia united in a Muslim brotherhood transcending clan divisions, Sayyid Maxamed is ----- (believe) as a forerunner of modern Somali nationalism.
- 4) During a pilgrimage to Mecca in 1894, he ----- (join) the Şalihiyah group.
- 5) Soon after his return to Somalia, he ----- (begun) urging the expulsion of the English "infidels" and their missionaries and a strict observance by all Somalis of the Islamic faith.
- 6) Through his stirring oratory and inspiring poems, Maxamed attracted group of followers who became ----- (know) as dervishes.
- 7) In 1899 he ----- (declare) Jihad on the colonial powers and their Somali collaborators ----- (win) major victories.
- 8) Early in 1920, however, the dervish stronghold at Taalex (Taleh) ----- (be) bombed, and Maxamed escaped to the Ogaden, where he died of influenza.

(Source: <http://www.britannica.com/biography/Sayyid-Maxamed-Cabdulle-Xasan>)

B. Choose the right conjunction to complete the following sentences 10 marks

1. You have to obey your parents ----- you want pleasing
 - a. Unless
 - b. However
 - c. If
 - d. Nevertheless
2. ----- our team played very well, we lost the game
 - a. Although
 - b. While
 - c. Yet
 - d. Even though
3. Please don't go out ----- it is raining heavily
 - a. And
 - b. But
 - c. However
 - d. Because
4. Please come on time or ----- we will miss the flight
 - a. Otherwise
 - b. So
 - c. But
 - d. Therefore
5. Both the shoes ----- the dress were completely overpriced
 - a. And
 - b. But
 - c. Though
 - d. So

C. Choose the appropriate pronouns to fill the blank spaces 10 marks

Anybody	Neither nor	None	Few	Either
---------	-------------	------	-----	--------

1. ----- is allowed to come for lunch
2. ----- the teacher ----- the students is safe in this room
3. ----- of the police officers is accused of the killing
4. Only a ----- of the students were ready to accept the exam results
5. You can give me ----- coffee or tea pleas

D. Choose the correct preposition**10 marks**

- We shall meet you ----- the party tomorrow
 - At
 - On
 - In
 - By
- The police officers were looking ----- the suspects all the night
 - Since
 - For
 - On
 - With
- The teacher divided the books ----- these two students
 - Between
 - Among
 - With
 - at
- The officers have been investigating the village ----- last Monday
 - Since
 - For
 - In
 - With
- They travelled overnight to Bosaso and arrived at 5:00 o'clock ----- morning
 - At
 - On
 - In
 - By

E. Choose the appropriate ad verbs from the list to complete the sentences**10 mrks**

Bravely	Clearly	Carefully	Soundly	Very hard
Early	Slowly	Safely	Sadly	Frankly

- The soldiers fought -----
- Asha writes the her exercise book -----, so that everyone can read it
- If you are a beginner you must drive -----, otherwise you will get in to accident
- His health improved because he slept ----- last night
- We have been talking to each other -----, we were not hiding anything from each other
- The lady was telling her terrible stories ----- in front of the court
- We finely arrived our destination ----- after along and terrible journey
- The car was moving ----- due to heavy rains in the morning
- Children should get up ----- in the morning to go to school
- A good student works ----- to pass the exam



PART THREE: WRITTEN COMPOSITION (20 marks) *in this section you should write either one of the following compositions with not less than 200 words.*

EITHER

Question 1

Imagine that you have been elected as the student president or student representative for your school. **Describe** what improvements you would attempt to make and what activities you would organize.

Consider the following points:

- How you would improve the education
- What changes you would try to make in the school rules
- How you would improve the discipline in the school.
- What competitions or clubs you would like to organize.

OR

Question 2

You have been asked to form a club for after-school activities in your school. Describe what club you would form Explain why you think this club would be popular Describe what steps you would take to organise the club Describe the sort of activities that your club would carry out



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