## MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION

FORM FOUR EXAMS, 2017

# **HISTORY**



P/LAND NATIONAL EXAMINATION BOARD

## MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION PUNTLAND NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Code	Number	

FORM FOUR EXAMINATION 2017 Time: 2 hours AND 10 minutes for reading

## HISTORY

## Instructions to candidates

- Answer all the questions in part one and two, and select three questions from part three
- This paper consists of 13 pages, count it and if any is missing inform your invigilator
- Do not write your name and roll number on the exam paper
- Make sure that student's profile is attached to the exam paper, if not, inform you invigilator.
- No extra paper is allowed. Rough work can be done on page 1. This will not be marked.
- If you make a mistake, cross out the incorrect answer and write your correct answer.

## This exam paper consists of following parts

Part one:

Multiple choice questions

15 marks

Part two:

Structural questions

55 marks

Part three:

Extended questions

30 marks

TOTAL

100 marks

Fortile	marker only Marks
Parts	
Part one	
Part two	
Part three	
Tota	9/



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#### PART ONE: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (15 MARKS)

#### Circle the correct answer

1.	The leader	of Bolshevik	revolution who	brought	communism	to Russia w	as:-
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a. Joseph Stalin

c. Leonid Brezhnev

b. Vladimir Lenin

d. Karl Marx

#### 2. What was the main reason for First World War?

- a. Murder of German President in Berlin
- **b.** Territorial rivalry
- c. Murder of Austria's heir in Sarajevo
- d. The revolution of Russia with Lenin
- 3. Current prime minister of Somalia is:

a. Pro: Ali Mohamed Geedi

c. Mohamed Abdi Farah

b. Omar Abdirashid

d. Hassan Ali Khayre

4. What city in Israel most likely experiences the most conflict over religion because it is holy to three religions?

a. Jerusalem(Qudus)

c. Nazareth

b. Mecca

d. Medina

5. Which of the following is <u>not</u> main organ of United Nations?

a) International Court of

c) Secretariat

**Justice** 

d) International Monetary

b) Economic and Social Council

fund

6. Benito Mussolini's part was:-

a. Nazi

c. Communism

b. Fascism

d. Democratic

7. Industrial revolution started in ---

a. 19<sup>th</sup> century

c. 17<sup>th</sup> century

b. 16<sup>th</sup> century

d. 18<sup>th</sup> century

8. What was the name of Woodrow Wilson's program for peace that he proposed after world war one?

a. Wilson's 14 Points

c. Warsaw Pact

b. Geneva Convention

d. Central-Allied Treaty

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- 9. Which of the following countries are not participate the partition of Africa
  - a. Britain

c. Italia

b. Russia

- d. Belgium
- 10. The prophet Mohamed (peace of Allah be up on him) migrated from Mecca to Medina in the year of:
  - a. 620 AD

c. 622 AD

b. 618 AD

d. 571 AD

- 11. All of the following is **not** duties of local government **EXCEPT** 
  - a. Distribution of grants

c. Destroying the streets

b. Collection of taxation

- d. Revising the constitution
- 12. Founder of peoples' Republic of Chine was :
  - a. Zhou Enlai

c. Mao Zedong

b. Chiang Kai Shek

- d. Sun Yet Sen
- 13. The main objective of the Somali youth league was
  - a. To make Somalia independent and united country
  - b. To create opportunities for universal modern education
  - c. To develop Somali language by the standard nation orthography
  - d. To safeguard Somali interest
- 14.21 years dervish struggle was against

a. Britain, France and Italy

c. Italy, Ethiopia and France

b. Britain, Ethiopia and France

- d. Italy, Britain and Ethiopia
- 15. The major reason that the Islam spread through east African countries is:

a. Through Arab kings

c. Through conquest

b. Through trade of Muslims

d. Through Ottoman Empire



## **PART TWO: STRUCTURAL QUESTIONS**

(55 marks)

Answer all the following questions in space provided

#### Question one

20 years later world war one another war erupted which go up six years know as world war two.

<ul> <li>a. Highlight four cau</li> </ul>	ise of world war two	
 	_	
		(4marks)

**b.** Classify the following groups of countries in to Allies and Axis powers (4marks)

	France Italy USSR Japan USA
Allies	Axis power



## Question two



Israel and Egypt agreed accord known as Camp David treaty in 1978-9

a. Look the above picture and name two presidents in the picture

(2marks
b. Describe three outcome (points) of Camp David pact in Egypt and Isra
(3marl



#### **Question three**

The cold war is name given to the relationship that developed primarily between USA and USSR after world war two. The cold war was dominated affairs for decades and many major crises occurred.

	a. Outline three causes of cold war	
	•	(3marks
	b. List four main international crises during the cold war	
		(4marks)
Ques	tion four	_ (41110113)
Italia	invaded Abyssinia in 20 <sup>th</sup> century	
a.	in what time was Mussolini invaded the Ethiopian empire	
-		_ (1marks)
b.	Explain briefly three objectives that cause Japan to invade and a Japanese Empire in far east Asia, examples Manchuria:	expand
		(3marks)



Inistry of Education and Higher Education Form four History Examination, 2017  c. Sun yet Sin summarized his program in to three principles of democracy give another two principles	ne of them was
	(2marks)
Question five	
President FARMAJO was elected on February, 2017 Somalia government held elections after every four years Discuss reasons why elections are held regularly in Somalia	
	à .



(5marks)

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#### **Question six**

When world wars ended created international organization to keep the world security like League of Nations (1919), and United Nations

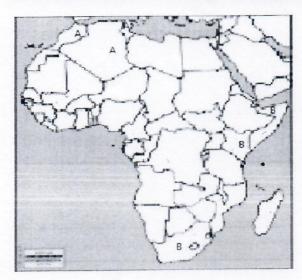
Briefly compare the League of Nation and United Nations with discussing the purpose and challenges of each organization. (6marks)

League of Nations	United Nations
Purpose	Purpose
Challenge	Challenge
Question seven	
After our ancestors' struggle on our the country faced some problems:-	
Summarize three challenges faced	Somalia after independence
	(3marks)



#### **Question eight**

#### Berlin conference colonial powers divided African continent



a. Using above map, name two countries that colonized the label letters on the map

A\_\_\_\_\_\_(1marks)
B\_\_\_\_\_\_(1marks)

After the partition some African people collaborated with the European colonialists while others resisted.

> b. Explain briefly three reasons why some Africans resisted against the colonialists?

(3 marks)



#### Question nine

a. What is local government?	
	(1 marks)
<b>b.</b> State three functions of local government?	
•	(3 marks)
Question ten	
The African union is a geo-political entity almost covering the en continent.	ntire African
a. When was African Union (AU) formed?	``
<b>b.</b> Tell two objectives of the AU?	(1 marks)
	(2marks)
Question eleven/	
Write three factors that support the civilization of a society	
(3ma	arks)



## PART THREE: EXTENDED QUESTIONS (30 marks)

Each question carries 10 marks

Answer three of the following five questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Question	one
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	a. Explain four causes of Russian revolution
	(4marks
	<ul> <li>Explain factors cause the decline of communism through the Soviet Union</li> </ul>
	<u> </u>
*****	
	(6marks)



#### **Question two**

/
(6marks)
•
(4marks)



## Question three

Somali-Ethiopian war happened in 1977-1978.  a. Analyze Somalia-Ethiopian conflict in 1977:
•
(6marks)
b. Name four achievements of Mohamed SAYID BARRE
(4marks)



## **Question four**

World war one (1914-1918)				
a.	Assess causes of world war one			
	•			
		(5marks)		
b.	Discuss aftermath results of world war one			
No. 1	,	5		
	/,			



(5marks)

## **Question five**

Republic of Rwanda was an outstanding example of failed states in the nineties of the twentieth century, but today they represent the most prominent countries that have succeeded in telemedicine wounds and provided for its people hitchhike to safety and has achieved national unity in its people.

Our country faced like these problems and become most corrupt country in the world corruption list.

construct concrete ideas that make us able to solve all political, economic, social and cultural problems of our beloved country (Somalia)				
·				
	(10marks)			

End.



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