

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION

FORM FOUR EXAMS, 2022

ENGLISH



P/LAND NATIONAL EXAMINATION BOARD



MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION
PUNTLAND NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Name of Student			
Roll Number			
Name of School			
Region:		District:	

FORM FOUR EXAMINATION, 2022
TIME: 2 HOURS AND 10 MINUTES FOR READING

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Instructions to candidates

- Answer all the questions
- This paper consists of 10 pages, count it and if any is missing inform your invigilator
- Write your **name and roll number** on the exam paper
- No extra paper is allowed.
- If you make a mistake, **cross out the incorrect** answer and **write your correct answer**.

This exam paper consists of following parts

Parts	Marks
Part one: Comprehension	20 marks
Part two: Vocabulary	20 marks
Part three: Grammar	50 marks
Part four: Composition	10 marks
Total:	100 Marks

For the markers only

PARTS	MARKS
Part one:	
Part two:	
Part three:	
Part four:	
Total:	



SOM EXAMS

PART ONE: READING COMPREHENSION (20 MARKS)

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow

Festivals are celebrations that take place after something good has achieved to the community. In the past, festivals were held after a good harvest, after winning a war against an enemy, or when the people received very good rain after a long drought.

Nowadays, our communities still hold celebrations for a number of reasons. In most communities today, the people hold celebrations after a good harvest, or after electing a **loyal** and patriotic leader or president. During such celebrations, people come together to eat, drink and have encouraged one another and have taken a good time. During this celebration, the preachers, poets and singers suggest lectures, poems and songs about the celebration to entertain the people in that area.

The young boys and girls also entertain the people by showing good educational and traditional dramas. The traditional elders also suggest proverbs and wisdoms related to the event during this kind of celebration. Another time celebrate in all communities is when a child is born. There is also a lot of excitement and joy when a baby is born, because among the people, a baby is very **important** to the community. When a baby is born friends and relatives come together to make prayers for the family and the child itself.

When the people are getting married, the famous members among the community and close relatives come together to celebrate with the couple and pray for their long life and loyal children. A marriage ceremony may take place in the mosques, or conference halls in the hotels. A marriage ceremony can also be conducted at home or in the countryside according to traditional customs.



Choose the correct answer according to the passage

1. Which of the following was **NOT** a reason for celebration in the past?
 - A. Receiving good rainfall.
 - B. Losing land.
 - C. Winning a war.
 - D. Getting good harvest.
2. The word **drought** in paragraph one means

 - A. A period of heavy rainfall.
 - B. A period of no rainfall.
 - C. A dry period of rain.
 - D. A period of floods.

3. The word **loyal** in paragraph two means the same as -----
 - A. Unpatriotic
 - B. Lying
 - C. Dishonest
 - D. Honest
4. Why is there a lot of excitement when a baby is born?
 - A. A baby is not very important.
 - B. A baby is very troublesome.
 - C. The mother stays indoors.
 - D. A baby is very important.
5. The word **joy** in paragraph three means the same as

 - A. Happiness
 - B. Sorrow
 - C. Sadness
 - D. Worry

6. One of the following words is similar to a **marriage ceremony**. Which one?
 - A. Funeral
 - B. Husband
 - C. Birthday
 - D. Wedding
7. What do the traditional elders suggest during the celebration?
 - A. Poems and songs.
 - B. Wisdoms and proverbs.
 - C. Wisdoms and songs
 - D. Songs and prayers
8. A marriage ceremony may take place in the following areas **EXCEPT**.....
 - A. Mosques.
 - B. Homes.
 - C. Conference halls.
 - D. Hospitals.
9. Where is a marriage ceremony conducted according to the traditional customs?
 - A. In a mosque.
 - B. At home.
 - C. In conference halls.
 - D. In the library.
10. The word **important** in paragraph three means -----
 - A. Significant
 - B. Critical
 - C. Famous
 - D. Relevant



PART TWO: GENERAL VOCABULARY (20 MARKS)**A) Choose the word which is similar to the underlined word (10 marks)**

1. When will the football match commence?
A. End
B. Finish
C. Conclude
D. Begin
2. Ahmed was trying to deceive his friends.
A. Undeceive
B. Cheat
C. Inform
D. Tell
3. Our organization had sufficient time to produce this product.
A. Enough
B. Insufficient
C. Scarce
D. Deficient
4. The young boys were forced to abandon the stadium.
A. Keep
B. Save
C. Leave
D. Retain
5. Most of our students gave the accurate answer.
A. Inaccurate
B. Correct
C. Wrong
D. Incorrect
6. Ali's brother tried to conceal the broken mirror.
A. Hide
B. Show
C. Display
D. Demonstrate
7. The young boy gave his sister a blank bottle.
A. Full
B. Empty
C. Filled
D. Occupied
8. We have no quarrel with the people of your country.
A. Agreement
B. Contract
C. Arrangement
D. Argument
9. Ayan gave some aid for her neighbours during the floods.
A. Thwart
B. Help
C. Spoil
D. Prevent
10. The guests got enough beverages during the party.
A. Drinks
B. Fast
C. Wild
D. Reckless



B) Choose the opposite of the underlined words (10 marks)

1. There were a lot of spectators at the stadium's entrance.
 A. Arrival
 B. Entry
 C. Appearance
 D. Exit
2. Hodan did not know that the liquid was bitter.
 A. Sweet
 B. Unpleasant
 C. Hostile
 D. Nasty
3. The young children are known for their bravery.
 A. Courage
 B. Courageousness
 C. Cowardice
 D. Daring
4. Several drivers are cautious while they are driving.
 A. Careful
 B. Reckless
 C. Watchful
 D. Alert
5. Those mangoes are very cheap.
 A. Inexpensive
 B. Economy
 C. Expensive
 D. Low-priced
6. The arrival time for the flight was 8 a.m.
 A. Departure
 B. Entrance
 C. Coming
 D. Advent
7. Any student who is absent from the exam will be given zero mark.
 A. Away
 B. Vague
 C. Inattentive
 D. Present
8. The hunter captured a young antelope yesterday.
 A. Took
 B. Arrested
 C. Released
 D. Seized
9. This knife is very blunt, so you should look another one.
 A. Dull
 B. Rounded
 C. Sharp
 D. Unsharpened
10. Our English teacher asked us difficult questions.
 A. Easy
 B. Hard
 C. Tough
 D. Trying



PART THREE: GRAMMAR IN USE (50 MARKS)**A) Complete this short paragraph and put the verbs in brackets into the correct form of past continuous tense (10 marks)**

Last month I was very busy because I **was doing** so many things at the same time. I _____ (plan) to go to the market with my friend Salah. We _____ (look) forward for the opportunity to go out together. As we _____ (go) to the market, my car broke down. We _____ (stand) by the side of the road while we _____ (wait) for the mechanic. When we _____ (return) home from the garage, it started raining. We reached home completely wet. It _____ (rain) for the rest of the day. Since, we could not go out, Salah and I _____ (play) cards at home. We _____ (feel) tired of being at home. So, we planned to cook our favourite food. When we _____ (cook) food, the phone rang.

B) Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense (10 marks)

1. If she _____ (study) well, she will pass her exams.
2. We will walk to the market if the sun _____ (shine).
3. If the weather _____ (be) nice, they would have played football.
4. If we _____ (go) to a good restaurant, we would have had a better dinner.
5. If I came home earlier, I _____ (prepare) dinner.
6. If they had enough money, they _____ (buy) a new car.
7. If you wait a minute, I _____ (ask) my teachers.
8. If we _____ (win) the lottery, we would fly to America.
9. If the boys had taken the bus to school, they _____ (arrive) on time.
10. If they had waited for another 10 minutes, they _____ (see) the minister of education.



C) Choose the correct form of the verb in the bracket (10 marks)

1. Ali ----- (watch) T.V in the bedroom every evening.
A. Watches B. watched C. will watch D. is watching
2. My father ----- (fly) to Nairobi three times a year.
A. Will fly B. flew C. flies D. is flying
3. Look! Those young boys ----- (play) in our garden.
A. Were playing C. Will be playing
B. Are playing D. Have been playing
4. I ----- (chat) with friends at the moment.
A. Was chatting C. Will be chatting
B. Have been watching D. Am chatting
5. My father ----- (leave) home very early yesterday.
A. Left B. leaves C. will leave D. is leaving
6. I finally ----- (find) my glasses on that corner table last night.
A. Find B. will find C. found D. is finding
7. The guests ----- (meet) us at the station tomorrow.
A. Meet B. met C. is meeting D. will meet
8. We ---- (sit) at the breakfast table when the doorbell ---- (ring).
A. Sat, was ringing.
B. Were sitting, rang
C. Were sitting, was ringing.
D. Sat, rang
9. My brother ----- (meet) a lot of friendly people when he ----- (work) in Mogadishu.
A. Met, was working
B. Was meeting, was working.
C. Was meeting, worked.
D. Met, worked
10. She ----- (open) the box after she ----- (find) the keys.
A. Had opened, found.
B. Opened, had found.
C. Opened, founded
D. Had opened, finds



D) Choose the correct word that best suits in the blank space (10 marks)

1. They don't have ----- teachers this year.
A. Some B. much C. a lot of D. many
2. The family doesn't need ----- sugar.
A. Many B. much C. some D. a few
3. The young boy didn't drink ----- milk the past ten days.
A. Any B. many C. some D. few
4. -----body must be responsible for this accident.
A. Any B. some C. none D. a few
5. The condition of the child is ----- than yesterday.
A. Badder B. bad C. worse D. worst
6. This is the ----- method that we can solve this problem.
A. Gooder B. better C. best D. as good
7. This is the ----- street in our country.
A. Dangerous. C. Dangerously
B. More dangerous D. Most dangerous
8. There was ---- mango and ----- orange on ----- table.
A. A, an, the C. The, an, the
B. An, an, a D. The, the, a
9. Please hurry up Hafsa, because the bus leaves ----- 7 o'clock ---- the morning.
A. At, in
B. In, at
C. On, in
D. With, by
10. Ali and Omar came ---- the airport ----- a minibus yesterday.
A. At, in C. On, in
B. At, for D. At, by



E) Change the following sentences into passive voice (5 marks)

Example: Active: the young boy drank dirty water yesterday.

Passive: dirty water was drunk yesterday.

1. The children forgot their books last week.

2. The thief stole some money from the shop last night.

3. We saw a thief last night.

4. The children broke the chairs yesterday.

5. My mother bought some bananas at the market.

F) Change the following sentences into indirect speech (5 marks)

Direct: She said to me, "Do you work here?"

Indirect: She asked me if I worked there.

1. The manager said to me, "Do you want to work?"

2. She said to me, "Has Jama completed his job?"

3. Maryam said to me, "Can I help you?"

4. The teacher said to me, "Did you finish your homework?"

5. The officer said to me, "Have you received your money?"



