# MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION

FORM FOUR EXAMS, 2011

# **AGRICULTURE**



P/LAND NATIONAL EXAMINATION BOARD

Name
School
Roll Number

#### **Puntland State of Somalia**

# **Ministry of Education**

#### **Puntland National Examination Board**

#### Form 4

# AGRICULTURE EXAMINATION

#### June 2011

#### Time 2 hours

Plus 10 minutes before the exam for reading through the paper

TOTAL TIME 2 hours 10 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

This paper consists of 17 printed pages.

Count them now. Inform the invigilator if there are any missing.

PART ONE (10 Multiple choice questions): 10 marks

PART TWO (10 Structured questions): 90 marks

TOTAL 100 marks

Answer ALL questions in section 1 and 2.

Rough work can be done on page 2 and 3. This will not be marked

No extra paper is allowed.

If you make a mistake cross out the incorrect answer clearly and write your correct answer.

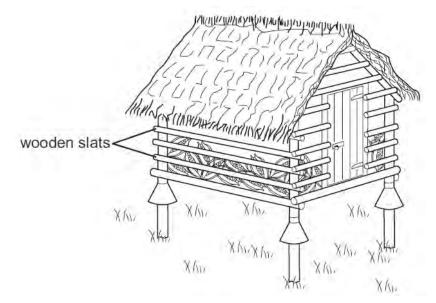


Use this page for rough work. It will NOT be marked.

### Part 1: Answer ALL 10 Multiple choice questions. Circle the correct answers. 10mks

- 1. The ability of soil to produce and sustain high crop yields is known as;
  - A. Soil profile

- B. Soil fertility
- C. Soil infertility
- D. Organic matter
- 2. A young tree is planted in a hot, dry climate of Gardo. What will reduce transpiration?
  - A. Adding fertiliser to the soil
  - B. Making a hollow for watering
  - C. Placing organic matter around the tree
  - D. Removing some of the leafy shoots
- 3. The diagram below shows a storage building for a cereal crop in Garowe area.



Why are the sides slatted, and not solid?

- A. To discourage theft
- B. To keep rats out
- C. To keep the air moist
- D. To provide ventilation

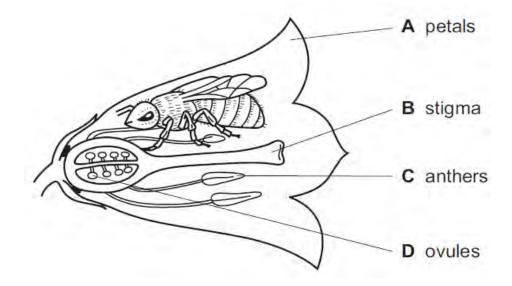


- 4. The following are some of the reasons why fish farming is becoming an important economic activity in Puntland
  - A. As a source of food
- B. As a source of income
- C. As a research tool
- D. As a foreign exchange
- 5. By which process do mineral salts usually move from the soil into the root?
  - A. Active transport

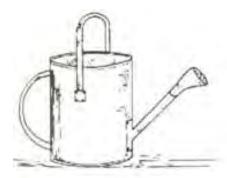
B. Diffusion

C. Osmosis

- D. Translocation
- 6. What attracts the bee to the flower?



7. The diagram below is one of the farm tools. It is used for?



- A. Transporting water from the source
- B. Watering animals
- C. Watering young seedlings in the nursery
- D. Watering trees in the farm

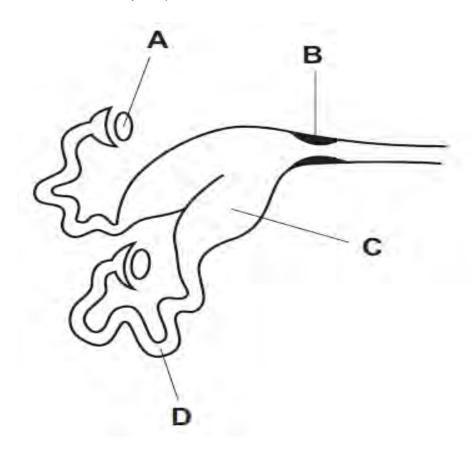


- 8. A farmer has a large piece of land on which he grows wheat year after year. What is the name for this type of agriculture?
  - A. Crop rotation

B. Mixed farming

C. Monoculture

- D. Organic farming
- 9. The diagram shows the internal reproductive organs of a female farm animal. Where is the ovum fertilised by a sperm?



- 10. What will be the effect of overgrazing grassland?
  - A Increased number of bushes
- B. Increased soil erosion
- C Increased soil fertility
- D. Increased variety of plants



# Part 2:Structured Questions. Answer ALL Questions. 90 marks QUESTION ONE (10 marks)

name and one function of each tool in the farm. [6 marks	a)	Diagrams A, B and C below illustrate some farm tools and equipment.	Give the
		name and one function of each tool in the farm.	[6 marks]

A.	(M) - 41	Name Function
B.		Name
C.		
C.		Name
		Function

b) Using lines, match the following terms with the definitions

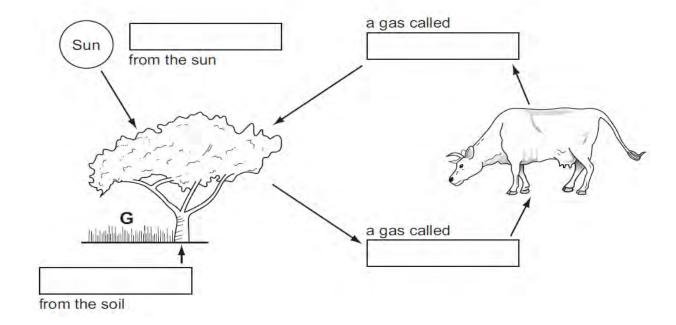
[4marks]

Terms	Definition
1. Pathogens	Are living organisms that kill and feed on other living organisms
2. Pests	b. Are agents that move pollen from the anther of a flower to the stigma of another
3. Predators	c. Are micro organisms such as bacteria and viruses that can cause diseases
4. Pollinators	d. Are living organisms found in areas they are unwanted

# **QUESTION TWO (9 marks)**

(a) The word equation for photosynthesis is as follows.

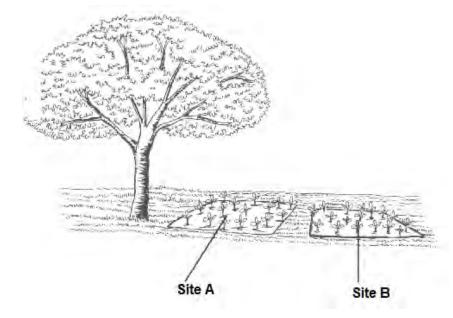
Complete the boxes in the figure below using only words from this equation. [4 marks]



(b) Cereals are grown in a garden plot, G, under the tree. Explain how the tree might affect:
(i) photosynthesis in the cereal plants;
(ii) transpiration in the cereal plants.
[2 marks]
(c) Name a pest of a cereal crop and describe how it can be controlled.
Name of cereal crop
Name of pest
Method of control

## **QUESTION THREE (12 Marks)**

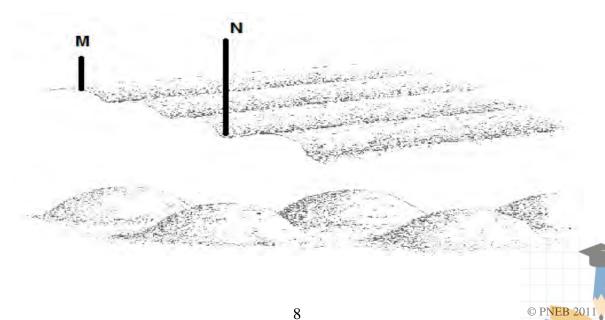
Study the figure below then answer the questions that follow.



a) Which of the two sites, A and B is most suitable for a nursery bed?

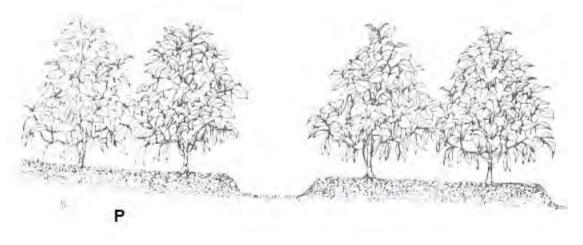
	i)	[ 1 mark
	ii) Give a reason for your answer in (i) above.	
		[1 mark]
b)	List two main operations involved in seedbed preparation	[2 marks
	i)	
	ii)	

Study the diagram below then answer the questions that follow.



i)	Name the two parts of the ridges M and N	[ 2 marks]
 ii)	Give two advantages of ridging	[ 2marks]
 iii)	Name one crop grown on mounds	[ 1 mark]
		•••••

d) Study the diagram below then answer the questions that follow.





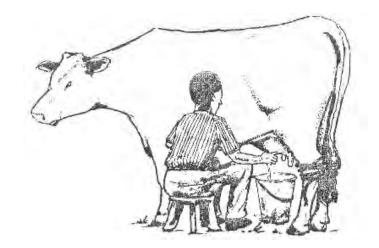


i)	Name the season in which each of the crops shown above is being grown.	[1 mark]
ii).	Why is the seedbed in diagram P raised?	[ 1mark]
iii).	Why is the seedbed in diagram Q sunken?	[ 1 mark]
QU	ESTION FOUR (9 marks)	
a)	The figure below shows three safety signs found on herbicide containers in	Galkayo.
		S
	1 2	3
Sta	ite what each of these signs means.	
	1)	
	2)	
•	3)	 [ 3marks]
(b)	Explain why weeds should not be sprayed with herbicide:	
(i) j	ust before rain;	
 (ii)	in windy weather.	
		լ∠marksj



that follow.

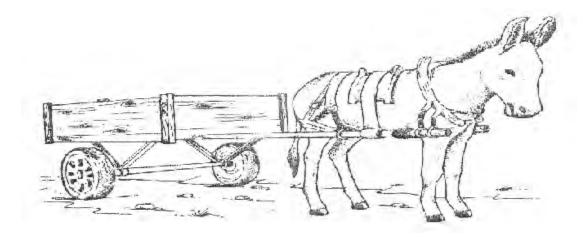
(c) Name a local weed and explain how it spreads in a crop or pasture.
Weed
Spread
[ 2 marks]
(d) Describe the pattern of pesticide use that is most likely to lead to a pesticide
resistance problem.
[ 2 marks]
QUESTION FIVE ( 8 Marks)  a) Below is an illustration of a farm operation. Study it carefully and answer the questions



i)	What activity is being carried out?
	[ 1 marl
ii)	Give three activities carried out on the animal before the above operation.
	[3 marks

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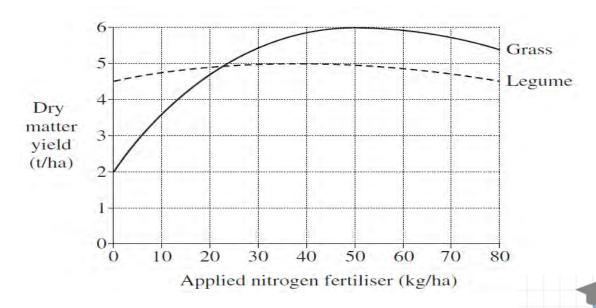
b). The diagram shows a donkey pulling a farm implement.



i) Name the implement being drawn by the donkey.	[1 mark]
ii) State three maintenance practices carried out on the implement.	[ 3 marks

# **QUESTION SIX (6 marks)**

a) The graph shows the response of dry matter yield to applied nitrogen fertiliser for a grass/legume pasture trial.

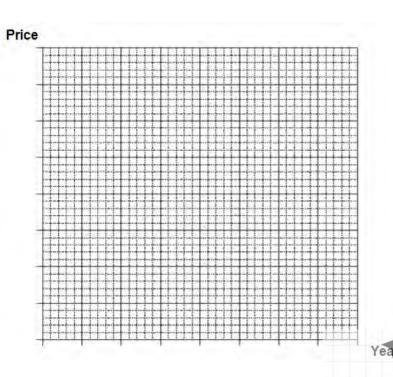


	[ 2 mark].
(ii) Explain why grasses and legumes fertiliser	responded differently to the application of nitrogen
	[ 2 marks]
	er affects the environment.
	[ 2 marks]
QUESTION SEVEN (10 Marks)	
a)	[ 3 marks]
the nar	ustration shows an animal found in Puntland. Give me of this animal
iii. Name	e a product, other than food, that is obtained directly ne above animal.
	animal is well suited to Puntland climatic conditions.
	[2 marks]

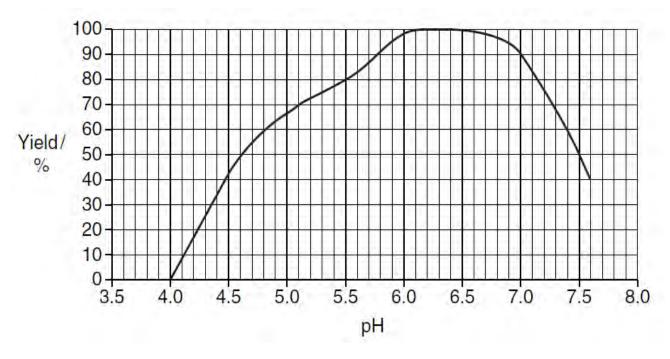


(ii)	State two characteristics that you would select when breeding to get improve	ed
	offspring of this animal.	[ 2 marks
	1	
	2	
c)	Name one parasite that affects this animal	[ 1 mark
d)	List any two effects of parasites on livestock	[2marks]
QL	JESTION EIGHT ( 10 Marks)	
(a)	List three factors that affect the price of a commodity	[3 marks]
(i)		
(ii)		
(iii)	)	
(b)	Mention two functions of farming organisations.	[2 marks]
(i).		
(ii)		
c).	The table shows the price of a farm product over time.	

Price of Product		
over time		
Price		
Year	( \$/ Tonne)	
1995	570	
1996	500	
1997	490	
1998	420	
1999	320	
2000	280	
2001	380	



i.	Construct a graph showing this information.	[ 3 marks]
ii.	Explain ONE factor that may lead to price fluctuations such as those shown in	the table.
		.[2 marks]
Q	QUESTION NINE ( 9 Marks)	
а	) Soil pH is very important for soil sampling. State what the words pH stands	for.
		[1mark]
b	) The graph below shows the effect of soil pH on the growth of a variety of so	ya bean.



(i) What percentage yield of soya beans would be expected from a plot with pH 5.0?	
[1 r	mark]
(ii) What is the pH range in which this crop grows best?	
[1 n	narks



QUESTION TEN (7 Marks).  (a) The figure shows land that is being cleared in preparation for farming.	
[2ma	
(v) Suggest why sandy soils often have a low pH.	
(iv) Describe how a farmer can increase the pH of such a soil.	
[2 ma	
(iii) Suggest why the crop produces lower yields below pH 6.	



State <b>three</b> undesirable consequences of deforestation.
i)
ii)
ii)
[3 marks
b). Why is burning of fields during land clearing discouraged in crop production.
[2marks]
c). State the advantages of organic farming in relation to environmental conservation.
[2 marks

**END**