

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HIGHER EDUCATION

FORM FOUR EXAMS, 2010

# MATHEMATICS



P/LAND NATIONAL EXAMINATION BOARD

Name .....

School ..... Roll Number .....

**Punt land state of Somalia  
Ministry of Education  
Puntland National Exam board**

**Mathematics Examination  
June 2010**

**Time: 2 hours + 10 min for reading**

**This paper consists 11 printer pages including the cover page  
Count them now. Inform the invigilator if there are any missing**

**Section A: Multiple choice questions = 10 marks**

**Section b: Structured questions = 90 marks**

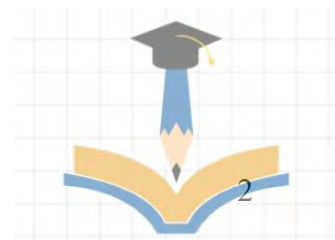
- **ALL questions in section B must be answered and written on this paper in the space provided**
- **No extra paper is allowed**
- **No calculator is allowed**
- **Every mistake cross out the incorrect answer and write your correct answer clearly**



Puntland National Examination Board  
Puntland Certificate of Education  
**USE THIS BAGE FOR YOUR ROUGH WORKING**

Secondary School Form Four Exam  
Mathematics Examination June 2010

**IT WILL NOT BE MARKED**



**Section A: Multiple choice questions**

**(10 marks)**

For each question in Section A, **Circle** the correct answer (each question 1mark)

If you change your mind cross out the answer you have wrongly chosen and clearly **Circle** the correct answer, if you marked two answers you will NOT receive a mark for that question  
For each question in Section A, there is **ONLY** one correct answer

1.  $2^x = 32$  the value of  $x$  is equal to  
a) 8                      b) 16                      c) 5                      d) 0

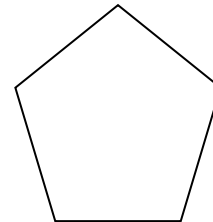
2. If the universal set is  $\{1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$  then the complement of  $\{1, 4, 10\}$  is  
a)  $\{1, 3, 4\}$     b)  $\{2, 5, 7, 9\}$     c)  $\{3, 6, 8\}$     d)  $\{2, 3, 6, 7, 8\}$

3.  $\frac{d}{dx}(\text{Sin}x)$  is equal to  
a)  $-\cos x$             b)  $\cos x$                       c)  $\sec x$                       d)  $\text{cosec} x$

4.  ${}^4C_3$  is equal to  
a) 12                      b) 4                              c) 3                              d)  $4! \times 3!$

5. If  $f(x) = \frac{2x-7}{3}$  then  $f(2)$  is  
a) 1                      b) 4                              c) -3                              d) -1

6. The **size** on an interior angle of a **regular** pentagon is  
a)  $108^\circ$             b)  $106^\circ$                       c)  $107^\circ$                       d)  $109^\circ$



7. The determinant of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 8 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$  is  
a) 40                      b) 24                              c) -24                              d) -40

8.  $\int \sec^2 x dx$  is equal to  
a)  $\tan x$                       b)  $\text{Sin} x$                       c)  $\text{Cos} x$                       d)  $\text{Sec} x$

9.  $\frac{3}{2}\pi$  radian is equal to  
a)  $180^\circ$                       b)  $90^\circ$                               c)  $270^\circ$                               d)  $45^\circ$

10. The **Mood** of this data 4, 5, 6, 2, 4, 5, 9, 4, 11, 2 is  
a) 5                              b) 11                              c) 2                              d) 4



**Section B: structured Questions**

**(90 marks)**

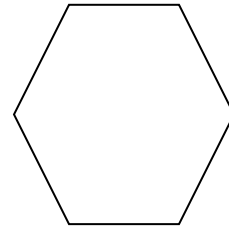
**Answer ALL question in this section in the space provided**

**You must show ALL your working and answer below the question. Marks will be given for the correct working even though you may have wrong answer.**

**Question 1**

a) Calculate the size of an **interior** angle of a regular **Hexagon**

(2marks)

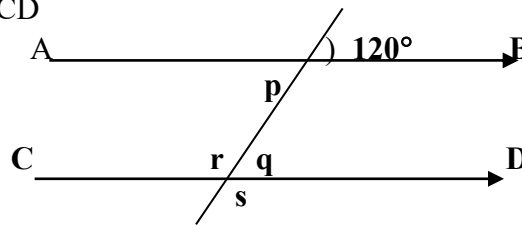


b) In the figure below line AB is parallel to the line CD

(4marks)

Find:

i) the size of angles **p, q, r** and **s**

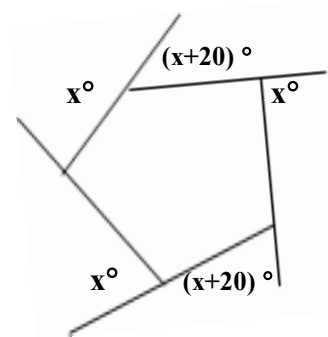


**p** = .....      **q** = .....

**r** = .....      **s** = .....

c) Find the value of **x** in the pentagon shown right

(3marks)



**Question 2**

Given that matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$  and matrix  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Calculate

a) Find  $A^{-1}$  the inverse of A

(3marks)

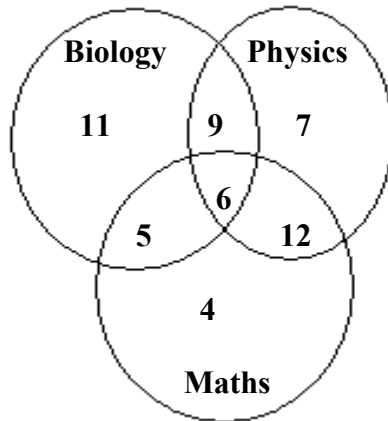


b) Find  $B^2$

(3marks)

**Question 3**

Look at the Venn diagram which represents a group of students studying **Maths, Physics and Biology**.



**Answer the following questions**

- i) How many study **ALL** three subjects?
- ii) How many study **Math** only?
- iii) How many study only **Physics and Maths**?

**Ans:** .....(1marks)

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**Question 4**

Vector  $P = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $q = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$  Find

a)  $|p|$  the length of vector **p**

(2marks)

b) Find  $\frac{1}{2} q + p$

(2marks)



**Question 5**

The table below shows the distribution of 40 students Mathematics test scores.

a) Complete the table (4marks)

Score	Frequency $f$	Mid interval $x$	$Fx$
$0 \leq x < 20$	4	10	$4 \times 10 = 40$
$20 \leq x < 40$	16		
$40 \leq x < 60$	14		
$60 \leq x < 80$	2	70	$70 \times 2 = 140$
$80 \leq x < 100$	4		
	<b>Total = .....</b>		<b>Total = .....</b>

ii) State the modal class ..... (1mark)

iii) Calculate the mean marks (3marks)

**Question 6**

The velocity of an object moving in a straight path after  $t$  seconds is given by  $V(t) = 8t - 3t^2 - 2$  m/s

Calculate:

a) The velocity when  $t = 2$  (2marks)

b) The acceleration of the object after 3 seconds (2marks)

c) The distance covered by the object between  $t = 1$  sec and  $t = 3$  sec (3marks)



**Question 7**

Given that A is the point  $(2,3)$  ,B is the point  $(6,11)$ . Calculate

a) The gradient of the line AB (2marks)

b) The equation of the line AB (3marks)

**Question 8**

Two dice are rolled. The sum of the two numbers on both dice is recorded in the following table.



+	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2					
2						
3			6			9
4						
5					10	
6						

a) Fill in the missing values in the table. (4marks)

b) Find the probability of getting a **sum of 7** (2marks)





**Question 9**

a) Find the gradient of the curve  $y = x^3 - 3x$  at  $x = 0$  (2marks)

b) Find the maximum and minimum points of the  $y = x^3 - 3x$  (4marks)  
(hint: use second defferentiation test)

c) Evaluate

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3x^2 - 5x + 11$  (3marks)

**Question 10**

If  $g(x) = \frac{3x + 6}{4}$  and  $f(x) = 2x + 1$

a) Evaluate  $g(2)$ . (2marks)

b) Find  $g^{-1}(x)$  inverse of  $g(x)$  (2marks)



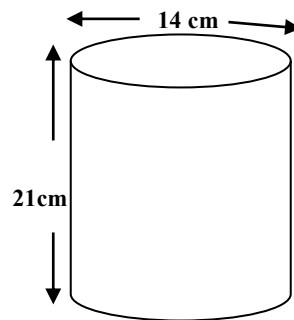
**Question 11**

If  $y = 8x^2$  is an equation of a **parabola**. Find

a) The **Focus** of the parabola (2marks)

b) The equation of the **directrix** (2marks)

c) Find the **surface area** of the **open-top cylinder** shown below. (4marks)

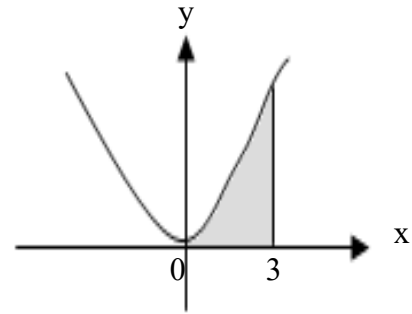


d) Find the **Volume** of the cylinder (3marks)



**Question 12**

Find the area enclosed between the curve  $y = x^2$ , **X-axis** and the lines  $x = 0$  and  $x = 3$  (3mark)



**Question 13**

a) Prove the identity  $\cot\theta \sec\theta \equiv \operatorname{cosec}\theta$  (2marks)

b) Find the irrational value of  $\sin 75^\circ$  (hint: use  $\sin 75^\circ = \sin(45^\circ + 30^\circ)$ ) (3marks)

(given:  $\sin 55^\circ = \cos 45^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ ,  $\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ )



**Question 14**

Simplify the following complex numbers

a)  $(3 + 2i) + (-2 + 3i)$

(2marks)

b)  $(3 + 2i) \times (-2 + 3i)$

(2marks)

**Question 15**

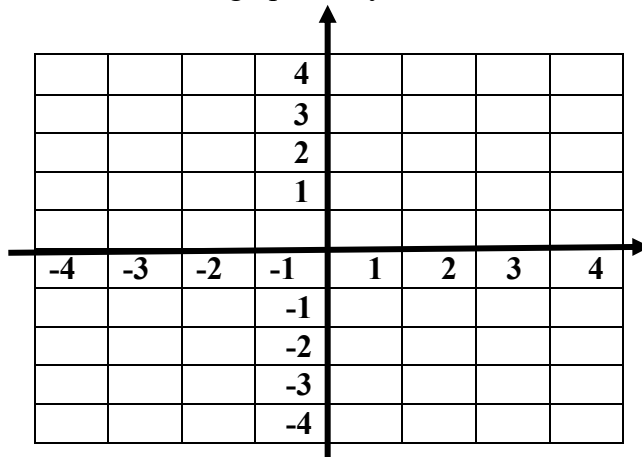
a) Complete the table below for values of  $y = 2 + x - x^2$

x	- 2	- 1	0	1	2	3
Y			2			-4

(2mark)

b) Using the point in the table, draw the graph of  $y = 2 + x - x^2$  on the grid below.

(2 marks)



END

